

LỄ CHỨNG NHẬN CHỈ SỐ MỨC ĐỘ HÀI LÒNG CỦA KHÁCH HÀNG VIỆT NAM

2024 VCSI Certification Ceremony

Special Lecture

Thursday, 19th December 2024, Emerald Room, Lotte Hotel Hanoi 6F







Adapting to a New Normal:

The Influence of CSI/Royalty on Financial Performance Across Pre- and Post-COVID-19 Eras

CHA University (Department of Business Administration and Data Science)

이 희 정 (Heejung Lee)



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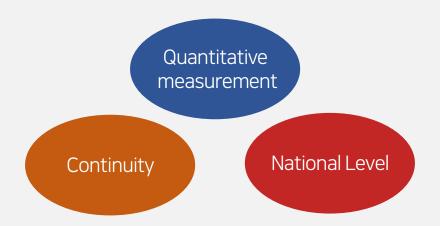
04. Implications for Vietnam CSI



CSI & Performance



What is the CS Index?



CSI (Customer Satisfaction Index) (Fornell, Johnson, Anderson, Cha, & Bryant, 1996):

- ▶ The American Customer Satisfaction Index measures
- ▶ the quality of the goods and services
- ▶ as experienced by the customers that consume them.

ACSI (American Customer Satisfaction Index) since 1996 KCSI (Korean Customer Satisfaction Index by KMAC 한국능률협회컨설팅) since 1992



ACSI (American Customer Satisfaction Index

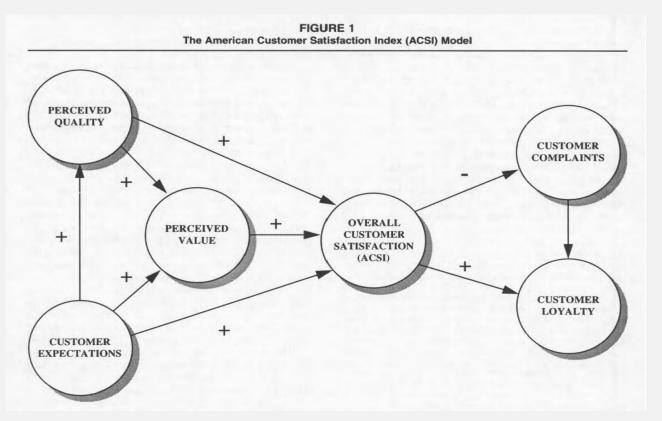
Perceived quality

Expectations

Perceived Value

Overall Customer Satisfaction

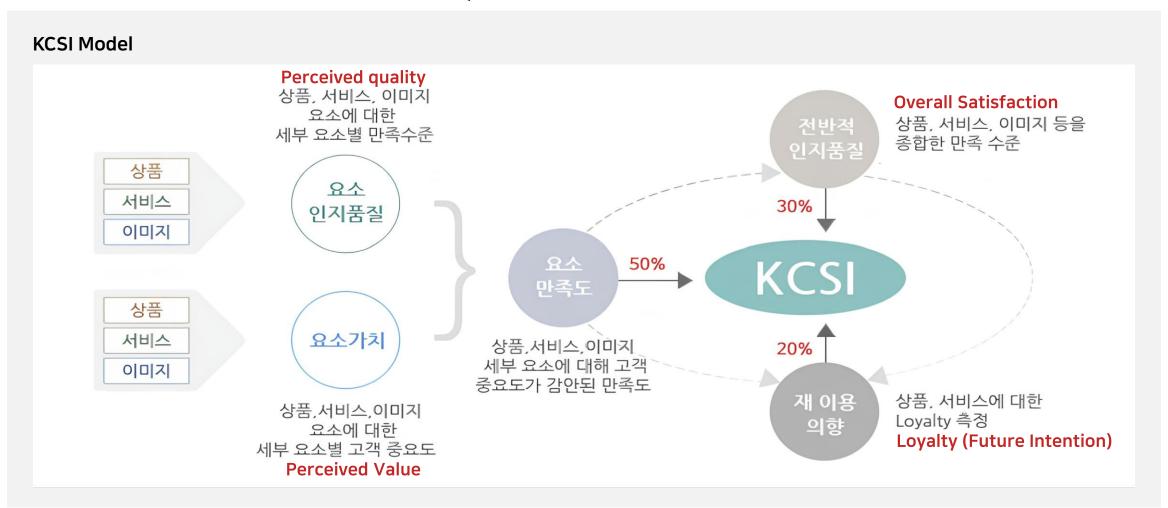
Customer Loyalty



Fornell, C., Johnson, M. D., Anderson, E. W., Cha, J., & Bryant, B. E. (1996). The American customer satisfaction index: nature, purpose, and findings. *Journal of marketing*, *60*(4), 7-18.

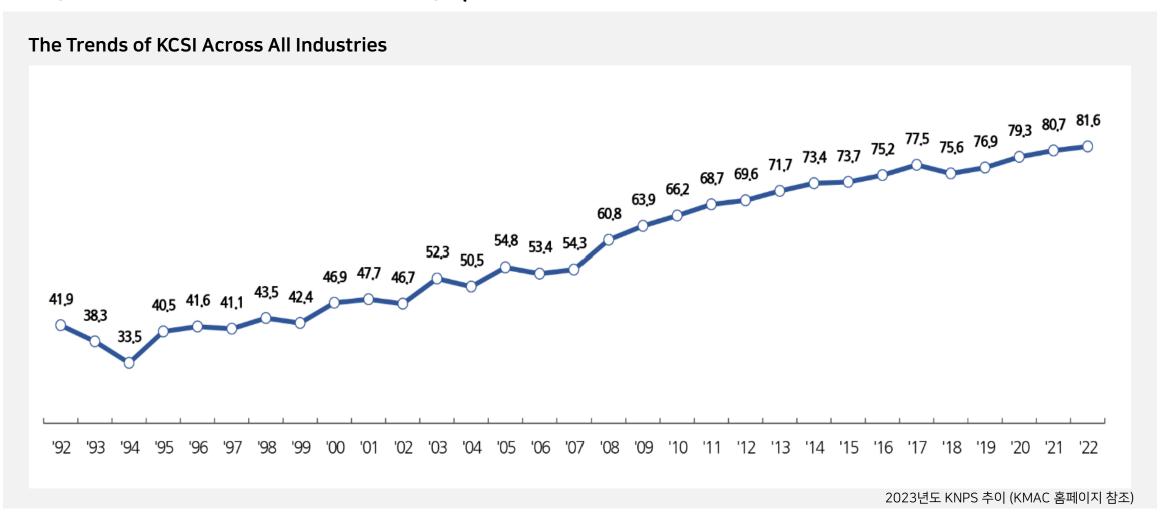


KCSI (Korean Customer Satisfaction Index) by KMAC



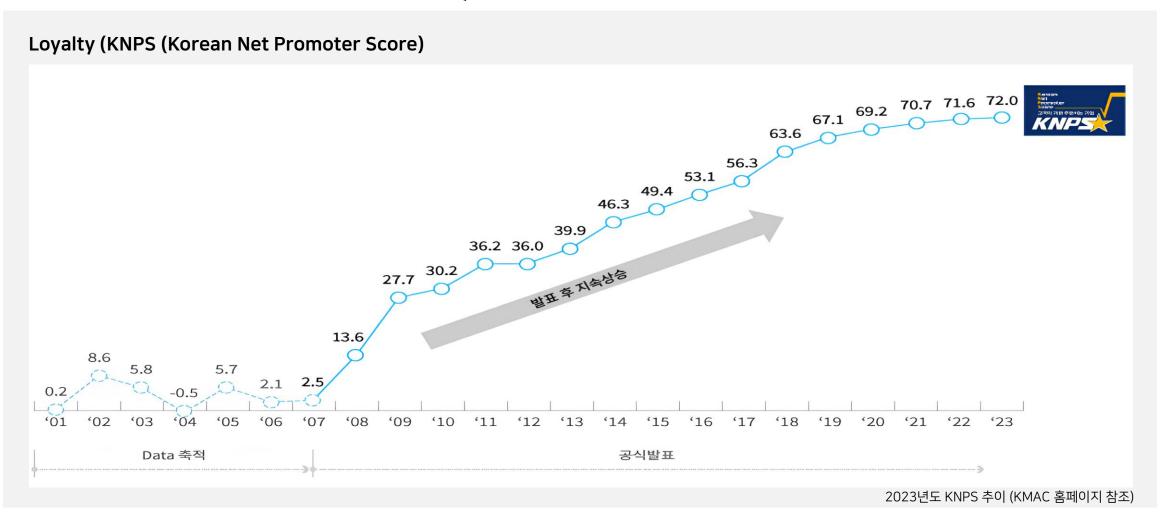


KCSI (Korean Customer Satisfaction Index) by KMAC





KCSI (Korean Customer Satisfaction Index) by KMAC





KCSI (Korean Customer Satisfaction Index) by KMAC

| Certificated Companies Associated Advertising



| Contributing to major media articles



| 최근 1위 변동 기업 수 및 2022년 KCSI 1위 변동 기업



No	산업군	산업명	2022년 KCSI 1위 기업	2021년 KCSI 1위 기업	
1		과자	오리온	롯데제과	
2		맥주	하이트진로	OB맥주(카스포함)	
3	소비재 (6개)	전통장	CJ제일제당(해찬들)	대상(청정원)	
4		샴푸	애경산업	LG생활건강	
5		제화	탠디	금강제화	
6		치약	애경산업	LG생활건강	
7		무선청소기	삼성전자	삼성전자, LG전자	
8	내구재 (3개)	사무용복합기(복사기)	캐논코리아	한국후지필름비즈니스이노베이션	
9	(3/11)	식기세척기	LG전자	SK매직	
10		간편결제서비스	네이버페이	카카오페이	
11		OTT서비스	티빙	Seezn(시즌)	
12	서비스 (7개)	배달앱	배달의민족	쿠팡이츠	
13		숙박앱	여기어때	야 놀 자	
14	(//)	고속버스	금호고속	중앙고속	
15		스키장	용평리조트	하이원리조트	
16		종합병원	삼성서울병원	서울이산병원,삼성서울병원	



Does CSI Drive Financial Success?

| Fornell, Morgeson, and Krishnan (2006)

Claes Fornell, Sunil Mithas, Forrest V. Morgeson III, & M.S. Krishnan

Customer Satisfaction and Stock Prices: High Returns, Low Risk

The study utilized ACSI data (American Customer Satisfaction Index) for the years 1994-2002. The study analyzed the impact of customer satisfaction on market value using 601 observations from publicly traded firms.

The analysis found a strong relationship between ACSI scores and market value of equity (MVE), suggesting that higher customer satisfaction leads to a higher market valuation Interestingly, despite the strong relationship between customer satisfaction and firm value, the study found that investors do not react immediately to ACSI news



Does CSI Drive Financial Success?

| Sun & Kim (2013)

Does customer satisfaction increase firm performance? An application of American Customer Satisfaction Index (ACSI)

Article $\it in$ International Journal of Hospitality Management \cdot December 2013

DOI: 10.1016/j.ijhm.2013.05.008

ACSI data focusing on the service and tourism sectors

data for 21 firms from three industries within the hospitality and tourism sector, which included:6 hotel brands/9 restaurant brands/6 airline brands

These firms had their American Customer Satisfaction Index (ACSI) scores and financial data collected and analyzed over a period from 1998 to 2010.

Positive Impact:

ACSI had a statistically significant and positive influence on profit margin (PM).

ACSI also showed a significant and positive impact on return on assets (ROA).

a positive relationship between ACSI and return on equity (ROE), though the impact was less consistent than for PM and ROA.



Does CSI Drive Financial Success?

| Jeong et al. (2012)

analyzing 20 years of KCSI data

customer satisfaction indices have a positive effect on sales high levels of customer satisfaction contribute to increased sales and revenue growth, emphasizing the importance of maintaining high customer satisfaction for long-term financial success.

Lee HJ & Kim JH (2024)

Sector-Specific Reactions to Customer Satisfaction Announcements (KCSI) in

Korea: Manufacturing vs. Service Industries

Heejung Lee (이희정)¹

Abstract

Lib Lee (이립)²

KwangHo Song (송광호)³

Janghyun Kim (김장현)⁴

Purpose: This study investigates the impact of KCSI announcements on stock prices from 2019 to 2022, focusing on abnormal returns (AR) and cumulative abnormal returns (CAR) during the event period (-2 days to +2 days) to understand

10 years data from KMAC

KCSI Announcements Impact Stock Prices: When the Korean Customer Satisfaction Index (KCSI) scores are announced, companies generally see a small but positive increase in their stock prices shortly afterward.

Top-Ranked Companies Benefit Most: Companies that ranked 1st or 2nd in customer satisfaction saw the most noticeable increases in stock prices.

Service Industry Reaction: The positive impact was particularly strong for companies in the service industry.



The level of CSI increases the level of Loyalty

KNPS (Korean Net Promoter Score)



Loyalty: Korean Net Promoter Score (KNPS)

KMAC since 2007 "How likely is it that you would recommend [company X] to a friend or colleague?"

Scale: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Responses are categorized into "Promoters" (6-7), "Passives" (5), and "Detractors" (1-4).

The score is calculated by subtracting the percentage of Detractors from the percentage of Promoters



02) KMAC 10 years Data Analysis

Financial Performance Data KNPS Data

2. KMAC 10 years Data Analysis



Research Questions

KNPS (Korean Net Promoter Score)

1 고객만족경영연구 제26권 제3호 2024. 10. (pp.1-17)

Adapting to a New Normal

: The Influence of KNPS (Korea Net Promoter Score) of KMAC on Financial Performance in Korea Across Pre- and

Post-COVID-19 Eras

Eun Jung Lee* 이 은 정 Yu Kyung Lee** 이 유 경 Lib Lee*** 이 립 Kwang Ho Song**** 송광호 Hee Jung Lee***** 이희정

(1)

Is the 7-point scale Loyalty (KNPS: KCSI) a significant predictor of financial performance in the Korean market?

(2)

Did the predictive significance of Loyalty (KNPS:KCSI) for financial performance in Korea change after the COVID-19 pandemic?

2. KMAC 10 years Data Analysis



KMAC Data

KNPS (Korean Net Promoter Score) Data

10 years Data (This study utilizes KNPS data from 2014 to 2023; around 900 cases)
As this study aims to explore how KNPS has adapted to these changes in the Korean market, it focuses on its influence on financial performance across two distinct periods:

before COVID-19 (2014-2019) and after the onset of the pandemic (2020-2023).

Financial Performance Data

The financial and accounting data of the sample companies were extracted from FNGuide.

Return on Assets (ROA: 영업이익률), is calculated by dividing operating income by total assets

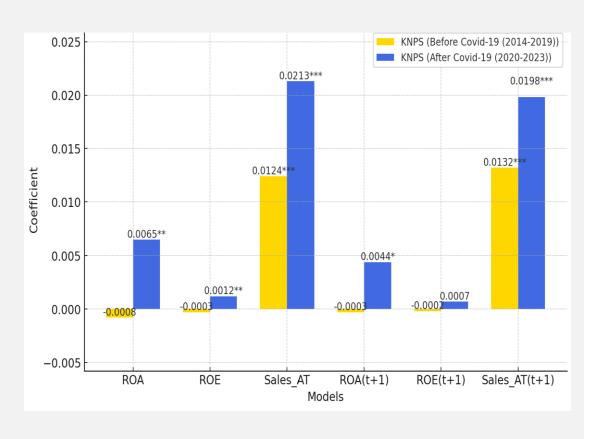
Return on Equity (ROE: 당기순이익률), is calculated by dividing net income by total equity, and the Sales-to-Assets ratio (Sales_AT: 매출액 비중). is calculated by dividing total sales by total assets.

2. KMAC 10 years Data Analysis



KMAC Data

Year	Number of Observations	Mean	Median	Minimum	Maximum
2014	83	48.14	48.00	28.00	64.10
2015	85	51.74	51.60	32.30	76.50
2016	90	55.53	55.47	28.60	77.90
2017	97	60.32	60.40	39.20	100.00
2018	89	67.86	69.00	47.73	91.30
2019	89	69.89	70.80	50.08	85.80
2020	88	70.76	72.30	53.30	86.37
2021	83	71.90	72.50	55.40	96.40
2022	86	72.34	72.35	56.45	88.90
2023	89	71.65	71.90	47.20	86.20





Conclusions and Discussion



The Results and Conclusions

(1)

In more stable periods (2014-2019), the relationship between customer Satisfaction and **financial performance was limited**.

(2)



The post-pandemic analysis demonstrates a significant shift, where Customer Satisfaction emerged as **a robust predictor of financial performance** across all examined metrics, including ROA, ROE, and Sales_AT.

(3)

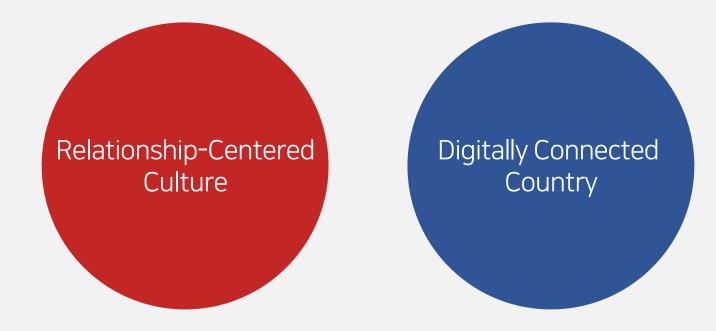


The COVID-19 pandemic has reshaped the relationship between customer loyalty (KNPS) and firm performance, potentially due to shifts in consumer behavior



Implications

Why is the so-called "Recommendation intention" having a greater impact on corporate success after the COVID pandemic? This can be attributed to the cultural characteristics of Korea and **Digital life**, which has changed rapidly due to COVID-19.





Finding Reasons

Relationship-Centered Culture

In collectivist cultures (e.g., China, Vietnam), consumers are more likely to engage in e-WOM as part of group norm compliance.



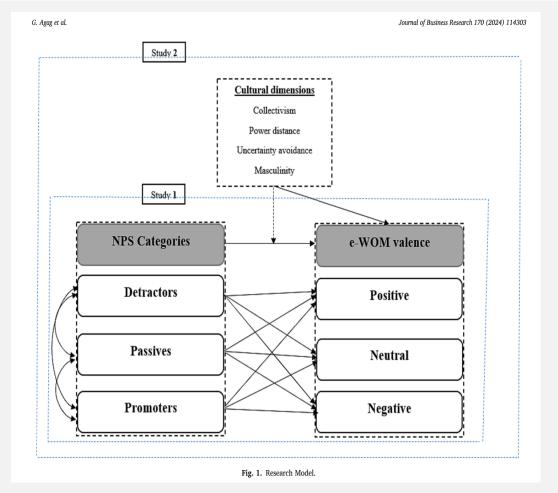


Finding Reasons



In collectivist cultures (e.g., China, Vietnam, China), consumers are more likely to engage in **e-WOM** as part of group norm compliance.

"Collectivists rely more on eWOM, especially from in-groups, for purchase decisions, than individualists."





Digitally Connected Country

✓ Digitally Connected

Korea's status as one of the most digitally connected countries in the world—with high internet penetration and widespread use of social media—accelerates the dissemination of WOM.

✓ Digitalization

Digitalization has significantly changed customers. They are more self-confident and optimistic, coping well with constant change, but is **less independent than previous generations** (Laor & Galily, 2022).

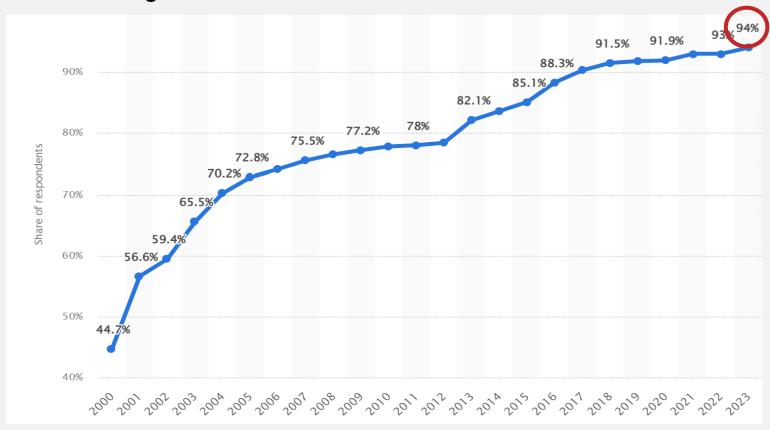
Consumers generally conduct more online research before purchasing than previous generations hence, recommendations play an important role to them. (Grigoreva et al., 2021)

Social media makes it easier for consumers to know and <u>listen to other people's opinions</u> much more attentively than ever before.



Digitally Connected Country: Korea

Internet usage rate in South Korea from 2000 to 2023





Collectivism vs Individualism

Digitally Connected Country: Vietnam



Collectivism vs. Individualism





Digitally Connected Country: Vietnam

Penetration rate of leading social media apps among consumers in Vietnam Q2 2024

Published by Minh-Ngoc Nguyen, Dec 7, 2024

According to a survey conducted among internet users in Vietnam by <u>Decision Lab</u>, as of the second quarter of 2024, around 92 percent of respondents stated that they used Facebook, followed by Zalo, and YouTube. While Facebook and YouTube are known globally, Zalo is Vietnam's premier chatting platform, which was first introduced to the population in 2012.

Social media usage in Vietnam

The number of social network users in Vietnam is forecasted to reach nearly 83 million by 2028. While <u>Facebook remains the most popular app to get news</u>, Zalo was primarily used to <u>connect with friends and family</u>, according to a survey conducted among Vietnamese internet users in the fourth quarter of 2023. In addition to providing entertaining videos, YouTube also offers subscription services for celebrity channels. TikTok, the new rising app first launched in 2016, has become <u>the leading social media app to watch short videos in Vietnam</u>, especially among the Vietnamese Gen Z.

Zalo in Vietnam

Zalo was created by Vuong Quang Khai, the current executive vice president of the Vietnamese technology company VNG Corporation, and has reached over 100 million users worldwide. Zalo provides free instant messaging, voice messaging, and individual or in-group calls, allowing users to send high-quality media files as well as calendar functions in private groups. It also has a diary function for users to post emotions and upload photos. On average, people send over one billion messages, deliver around 45 million pictures, and make 50 million minutes of calls through Zalo every day globally.

Top social media in Vietnam 2024 | Statista



Digitally Connected Generations: Vietnam

Digital natives are becoming an increasing force in Vietnam's consumption (Asia Pacific Business: The new faces of the Vietnamese consumer, December 9, 2021/Henry Lee)

So-called digital natives born between 1980 and 2012, including members of Generation Z

and millennials, are expected to account for around <u>40 percent of Vietnam's</u> <u>consumption by 2030</u>.

Members of this digitally savvy generation live online and on their mobiles. Almost 70 percent of Vietnam's population in 2020 are internet users.

The rapid emergence of digital consumers has fueled innovation in retail and purchasing behavior.

An estimated 55 percent of Vietnamese Gen Zers now use TikTok, driving intense competition,

as evidenced in the launch of YouTube shorts and Instagram reels. Social commerce sites.

such as Mio, and live-streaming platforms are reinventing consumption methods by creating

new channels that attract new and often younger shoppers to a category or a brand.

"These new behavioral trends have forced companies to rethink the allocation of their marketing budget"

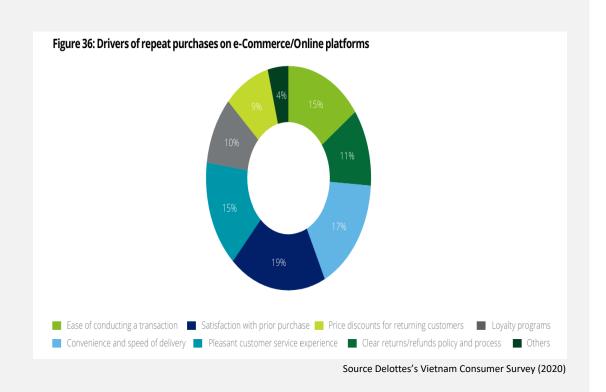


Top social media in Vietnam 2024 | Statista



Resource: Deloitte February 2021 < The Vietnam Consumer Survey; Staying resilient amidst headwinds>

- ✓ For consumer companies, this suggests the need to review their entire customer journeys to envision and redesign frictionless experiences to encourage repeat purchases.
- ✓ This will entail a more strategic and holistic approach, rather than one that relies primarily on tactical discounts, and suggests that increasing the level of customer loyalty could be one way in which consumer companies can avoid costly price competition and customer acquisition efforts





3R (Recognize –Refine-Reward stages)

"Fast-Acting Companies Soar with Customer-Centric Strategies"

Stage 3: Reward stage (Progressive Royalty Index)

Rewarding loyal customers by creating memorable experiences that turn them into brand advocates

Stage 2: Refine stage (Active CSI)

Refining the customer experience (areas of improvement)

Stage 1: Recognize stage (Basic CSI)

Recognizing the current state of customer satisfaction

Covid 19 Pandemic



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Thank you!

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